



**Every job goes more smoothly if you have the right equipment. The right tools for the job will save you time and effort and it pays to use the best equipment you can afford.**

The tools you will need depend on the job you are doing and this check list will help you to work out exactly what you'll need (though you probably won't need everything on it).



**THROUGHOUT THE JOB**

- |  |                                     |   |                                     |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| ● Face mask.   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | ● Dust sheets or alternative coverings to protect the ground and pathways (don't rest ladders on dust sheets though). | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Residual current device for use with any power tools.            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | ● Rags - you'll always need more than you think.  | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Eye protectors.  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | ● Protective gloves.  | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| ● Overalls or adequate clothing that you don't mind getting dirty. | <input type="checkbox"/>            |   |                                     |

**ACCESS**

- |   |                          |  |                          |
|---|--------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| ● Extension Ladder – use a ladder that when in position is 60-90cm (2-3ft) taller than the highest point you want to reach. | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Rope for securing the top of the ladder to the building (or a strong metal screw eye if you need to secure the ladder to the eaves). | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Clip-on ladder stabilisers for use on hard ground.  | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Step ladder for safely reaching lower levels.  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Boards to stand your ladder on if on soft ground.   | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Scaffolding tower if the job demands it.   | <input type="checkbox"/> |

**PREPARATION**

- |   |                          |   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| ● Stiff Bristle Brush for removing loose flaking material from walls and woodwork.  | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Sandpaper of varying grades. Use a wooden block to hold the paper firmly. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Wire Brush for removing corrosion, scale and loose material from metalwork. Not for use on masonry as small metal particles can be left on the surface which can cause rusting and discolouration when repainted. | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Scraper for removing paint.   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Sandtex® Fungicide for treating any areas of fungal growth.   | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Shavehooks - for scraping mouldings.                                      | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Hot air gun for removing paint from wood.   | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Sponge for cleaning sound surfaces.                                       | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Liquid paint stripper for removing paint from metal or carved wood surfaces.  | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Sandtex Stabilising Solution for sealing chalky or weathered surfaces.    | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Hardboard for protecting window panes and flooring when stripping paint.  | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Putty and putty knife.  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|   |                          | ● Trowel for use when repairing fine cracks and re-pointing brickwork.      | <input type="checkbox"/> |

**APPLICATION**

- |   |                          |   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| ● Good quality Masonry Paint Brush - for good coverage this should be about 15cm (6in) and fairly stiff (for water-based paint, use synthetic bristle brushes for best results).  | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Paint kettle or S-hook for hanging paint from the ladder.   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| ● Gloss Paint Brushes. For the perfect gloss finish always use a good quality bristled brush (for solvent-based paint, use natural bristle brushes for best results). You will need 3 sizes - for the main work 50mm and 25mm (2in and 1in) and 12mm (1/2in) for narrow glazing bars. | <input type="checkbox"/> | ● Roller- deep pile for painting textured surfaces and medium pile for painting lightly textured and smooth surfaces. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|   |                          | ● Roller tray.  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|   |                          | ● Cardboard shield to protect areas not being painted (such as walls behind downpipes).                               | <input type="checkbox"/> |
|   |                          | ● Window guard to protect panes when painting window frames.  | <input type="checkbox"/> |